



1

00:00:04,080 --> 00:00:08,640

Good morning and welcome from Mission Control  
Houston and today's Friday edition of the

2

00:00:08,640 --> 00:00:11,980

International Space Station update hour.

3

00:00:11,980 --> 00:00:15,860

You're getting a live look now inside of the  
flight control room here at the Johnson Space

4

00:00:15,860 --> 00:00:20,850

Center as the Orbit Two team is currently  
on console monitoring systems on the orbiting

5

00:00:20,850 --> 00:00:25,519

laboratory while the astronauts work hard  
up in space.

6

00:00:25,519 --> 00:00:30,030

That Orbit Two team today's being led by flight  
director Emily Nelson there on the right side

7

00:00:30,030 --> 00:00:35,940

of your screen and she is joined by Capcom  
Jay Marschke, serving as the voice connection

8

00:00:35,940 --> 00:00:41,800

between controllers here on the ground and  
the crew members up in space.

9

00:00:41,800 --> 00:00:48,479

And those astronauts right now are the Expedition  
30 crew, and they are being led by NASA astronaut

10

00:00:48,479 --> 00:00:54,019

and Expedition 30 Commander Dan Burbank there  
in the front left of your screen and then

11

00:00:54,019 --> 00:01:00,350

behind him are Russian cosmonauts Anton Shkaplerov and Anatoly Ivanishin who joined him on the

12

00:01:00,350 --> 00:01:04,420

station back in November on their Soyuz spacecraft.

13

00:01:04,420 --> 00:01:10,610

On the right side starting in the front row is another Russian cosmonaut, Oleg Kononenko,

14

00:01:10,610 --> 00:01:16,570

and behind him on the left is European astronaut Andre Kuipers and to the right is NASA astronaut

15

00:01:16,570 --> 00:01:18,990

Don Pettit.

16

00:01:18,990 --> 00:01:24,940

The crew wrapping up a very busy week onboard the station, even with an off-duty day on

17

00:01:24,940 --> 00:01:32,090

Monday following some heavy cargo unloading from that recently docked Progress spacecraft.

18

00:01:32,090 --> 00:01:35,380

Commander Dan Burbank on Monday had just a few tasks.

19

00:01:35,380 --> 00:01:41,690

He worked with the Integrated Cardiovascular System which looks to measure heart atrophy

20

00:01:41,690 --> 00:01:46,159

in these astronauts during their long-duration spaceflights, and also doing some Reaction

21

00:01:46,159 --> 00:01:53,080

self test right when he woke up which helps

to see if any of the daily effects of fatigue

22  
00:01:53,080 --> 00:01:57,800  
are having negative effects on the astronaut's performance.

23  
00:01:57,800 --> 00:02:02,840  
Anton Shkaplerov worked with the Immuno experiment which he would go on to work on throughout

24  
00:02:02,840 --> 00:02:09,479  
the week, and that is a Russian research project looking at changes in stress and immune responses

25  
00:02:09,479 --> 00:02:14,260  
during the stay and after a stay onboard station.

26  
00:02:14,260 --> 00:02:20,120  
Russian cosmonaut Anatoly Ivanishin just did some software refresh work on one of the laptops

27  
00:02:20,120 --> 00:02:24,110  
onboard International Space Station, again being an off-duty day for the crew.

28  
00:02:24,110 --> 00:02:31,360  
They were fairly relaxed, and then the final Russian cosmonaut and Oleg Kononenko did some

29  
00:02:31,360 --> 00:02:36,140  
routine coolant maintenance in the Zvezda service module.

30  
00:02:36,140 --> 00:02:44,520  
Andre Kuipers worked with the Earth Knowledge Acquired By Middle School Students or EarthKAM,

31  
00:02:44,520 --> 00:02:49,010  
setting that up and activating it in the station's Window Observational Research Facility.

32  
00:02:49,010 --> 00:02:55,040  
And then Don Pettit on Monday worked also  
with the Integrated Cardiovascular alongside

33  
00:02:55,040 --> 00:03:00,040  
Dan Burbank setting up some of the monitors  
and then downloading the data to researchers

34  
00:03:00,040 --> 00:03:02,340  
on the ground.

35  
00:03:02,340 --> 00:03:07,360  
Moving onto Tuesday Commander Dan Burbank  
worked with the Binary Colloidal Alloy Test

36  
00:03:07,360 --> 00:03:14,459  
or BCAT doing some sample homogenization,  
mixing them together and that BCAT test is

37  
00:03:14,459 --> 00:03:20,099  
fairly complex and looks at using microscopic  
particles known as colloids as models for

38  
00:03:20,099 --> 00:03:24,300  
studying the fundamental physics of the liquid  
crystal phase.

39  
00:03:24,300 --> 00:03:30,430  
He also participated in an educational event  
with the Asa E. Low Intermediate School talking

40  
00:03:30,430 --> 00:03:36,860  
to students and relaying some of the experiences  
he's had so far onboard the station.

41  
00:03:36,860 --> 00:03:41,540  
Russian cosmonaut Anton Shkaplerov continued  
work with that Immuno experiment taking blood

42  
00:03:41,540 --> 00:03:46,890  
and saliva samples which are then stored again  
to determine any changes in the stress and

43  
00:03:46,890 --> 00:03:52,220  
immune responses of these astronauts during  
and after their expedition stays.

44  
00:03:52,220 --> 00:03:56,890  
He also did some work unloading cargo from  
that Progress 46 spacecraft that docked last

45  
00:03:56,890 --> 00:03:59,020  
Friday.

46  
00:03:59,020 --> 00:04:03,019  
Anatoly Ivanishin did some routine maintenance  
on the Russian toilet on board the station

47  
00:04:03,019 --> 00:04:07,750  
and also worked on the Elektron system which  
generates some of the oxygen the astronauts

48  
00:04:07,750 --> 00:04:09,980  
are actively breathing.

49  
00:04:09,980 --> 00:04:15,310  
And then Oleg Kononenko tested out one of  
the control panels in the Pirs docking compartment

50  
00:04:15,310 --> 00:04:21,139  
as some of the work being done on the upcoming  
Russian EVA or extravehicular activity or

51  
00:04:21,139 --> 00:04:26,969  
more commonly known as a spacewalk which is  
coming up here on February 16.

52  
00:04:26,969 --> 00:04:32,110

He also did some cargo unloading from that Progress spacecraft alongside with Anton Shkaplerov

53

00:04:32,110 --> 00:04:35,789

who will be joining him on that spacewalk.

54

00:04:35,789 --> 00:04:42,099

Andre Kuipers worked with one of the Human Research Facilities specifically doing a replacement

55

00:04:42,099 --> 00:04:45,729

of the Pulmonary Function System.

56

00:04:45,729 --> 00:04:51,349

This helps to measure the respiratory and cardiovascular systems in the astronauts and

57

00:04:51,349 --> 00:04:56,870

measures this through taking readings off of different respired gases that can obtain

58

00:04:56,870 --> 00:05:02,020

significant concentrations of nitrogen and water vapor.

59

00:05:02,020 --> 00:05:06,300

The last member of the crew Don Pettit on Tuesday started his work with the Capillary

60

00:05:06,300 --> 00:05:08,710

Flow Experiment seen here.

61

00:05:08,710 --> 00:05:14,490

It's a fluid physics experiments that investigates capillary flow and flows of different fluids

62

00:05:14,490 --> 00:05:18,389

in these containers with very complex geometries.

63

00:05:18,389 --> 00:05:24,319

It's one of the future tech research projects going on board the station and results will

64

00:05:24,319 --> 00:05:31,340

help improve future flow systems on the as yet built spacecrafts.

65

00:05:31,340 --> 00:05:35,819

Moving on to Wednesday commander Dan Burbank spent much of his day working on the high

66

00:05:35,819 --> 00:05:42,469

rate communication system with some very complex cable routings operations and also began work

67

00:05:42,469 --> 00:05:49,259

on the Solo or Sodium Loading experiment which has the astronauts follow a diet of constant

68

00:05:49,259 --> 00:05:54,820

either low or normal sodium intake and increased fluid consumption to study the mechanisms

69

00:05:54,820 --> 00:05:59,860

of fluid and salt retention in the human body during spaceflight.

70

00:05:59,860 --> 00:06:05,069

Anton Shkaplerov worked some more on the Immuno experiment collecting some more samples and

71

00:06:05,069 --> 00:06:12,219

also reviewed his preliminary spacewalk timeline, which will have him and Oleg Kononenko step

72

00:06:12,219 --> 00:06:17,999

out for a six-hour spacewalk on February 16 attaching some debris shields to the Zvezda

73

00:06:17,999 --> 00:06:23,979

service module and relocating one of the cranes from the Pirs docking compartment to the Poisk

74

00:06:23,979 --> 00:06:28,279

module on the space-facing side of the Zvezda module.

75

00:06:28,279 --> 00:06:34,539

The Russian cosmonaut Anatoly Ivanishin did some inspection and photography of the Zvezda

76

00:06:34,539 --> 00:06:39,419

service module's windows and also did some filter replacement on the dust collectors

77

00:06:39,419 --> 00:06:41,800

in Zarya.

78

00:06:41,800 --> 00:06:46,889

Meanwhile Andre Kuipers did some body mass measurements using the SLAMMD device, SLAMMD

79

00:06:46,889 --> 00:06:53,180

standing for Space Linear Acceleration Mass Measurement Device which uses two springs

80

00:06:53,180 --> 00:06:58,439

to generate a known force against a crew member while they are mounted on an extension arm

81

00:06:58,439 --> 00:07:03,839

and then the resulting acceleration is used to calculate the astronaut's mass.

82

00:07:03,839 --> 00:07:08,379

As you cannot have a scale in this microgravity environments it's one of the only ways available

83

00:07:08,379 --> 00:07:12,499

on station to take these calculations.

84

00:07:12,499 --> 00:07:18,189

Don Pettit did his first day of working with the Lego bricks experiment on Wednesday, building

85

00:07:18,189 --> 00:07:24,270

a model rocket, and the Lego bricks uses the famous building block kits that you can find

86

00:07:24,270 --> 00:07:29,259

here down on Earth and then they are flown to the station and assembled on orbit to demonstrate

87

00:07:29,259 --> 00:07:31,110

various scientific concepts.

88

00:07:31,110 --> 00:07:36,460

And then some of these models include satellites, a space shuttle orbiter and even a scale model

89

00:07:36,460 --> 00:07:42,789

of the International Space Station, and then the crew records videos for downlink and then

90

00:07:42,789 --> 00:07:49,169

sharing throughout the country with schools for students to enjoy.

91

00:07:49,169 --> 00:07:54,871

Moving onto Thursday Commander Dan Burbank sort of work with the VO2max portable pulmonary

92

00:07:54,871 --> 00:07:56,490

function system.

93

00:07:56,490 --> 00:08:02,979

VO2max looks at studying the changes in the astronauts' aerobic capacity during long-duration

94

00:08:02,979 --> 00:08:04,300

spaceflight.

95

00:08:04,300 --> 00:08:09,379

He also helped out with some tool gathering for that upcoming spacewalk and participated

96

00:08:09,379 --> 00:08:15,360

in an educational event talking with the United States Coast Guard Academy and four schools

97

00:08:15,360 --> 00:08:17,889

across the country.

98

00:08:17,889 --> 00:08:23,839

Anton Shkaplerov continued his work in preparation for that upcoming spacewalk, gathering tools

99

00:08:23,839 --> 00:08:29,509

and conferring with specialists in the Russian mission control center in Korolev as they

100

00:08:29,509 --> 00:08:35,360

again prepare for the February 16 that excursion of the Pirs docking compartment.

101

00:08:35,360 --> 00:08:40,560

Anatoly Ivanishin continued with some routine maintenance work on the Zarya module, cleaning

102

00:08:40,560 --> 00:08:46,870

ventilation screens and then did a water transfer disinfectant operation on one of the Zvezda

103

00:08:46,870 --> 00:08:49,450

storage tanks.

104

00:08:49,450 --> 00:08:55,810

Oleg Kononenko also joined Shkaplerov in that

EVA or extravehicular activity preparation

105

00:08:55,810 --> 00:09:00,620

and also worked with the Uragan experiment which is a Russian research project that looks

106

00:09:00,620 --> 00:09:07,410

at predicting, determining and following both man-made and natural disasters.

107

00:09:07,410 --> 00:09:12,150

Andre Kuipers joined Commander Burbank in working on that SOLO, that SOdium LOading

108

00:09:12,150 --> 00:09:18,000

diet experiment, taking some biological samples as well as participating in an educational

109

00:09:18,000 --> 00:09:23,690

event with the Mission X competition which has students in the Netherlands, Switzerland,

110

00:09:23,690 --> 00:09:28,940

Italy and Portugal all learning about fitness and training like astronauts for a number

111

00:09:28,940 --> 00:09:32,250

of weeks in a competition.

112

00:09:32,250 --> 00:09:37,910

The final crew member Don Pettit did some work on the Space Sakura experiment with flight

113

00:09:37,910 --> 00:09:46,080

controllers in Japan, recording the floating state of cherry blossoms in microgravity.

114

00:09:46,080 --> 00:09:49,670

And that brings us to today, Friday, the end of the week.

115

00:09:49,670 --> 00:09:54,840

Commander Burbank is taking some more SOLO samples for that sodium diet experiment and

116

00:09:54,840 --> 00:10:02,970

also working some more with the VO2max experiment protocols, shown here, and that VO2max measures

117

00:10:02,970 --> 00:10:06,780

the changes in the astronauts' aerobic capacity.

118

00:10:06,780 --> 00:10:12,470

Anton Shkaplerov is gathering some more tools for that upcoming spacewalk with Kononenko

119

00:10:12,470 --> 00:10:18,010

and going over the procedures, and then the two will configure the Pirs airlock for their

120

00:10:18,010 --> 00:10:20,500

upcoming spacewalk.

121

00:10:20,500 --> 00:10:27,250

Anatoly Ivanishin is working with the Russian Relaxation experiment which uses two plasma

122

00:10:27,250 --> 00:10:35,320

contactor units installed on the US Z1 truss, or backbone of the station, and that helps

123

00:10:35,320 --> 00:10:41,070

determine the effects of propulsion system exhaust on the Earth's upper atmosphere and

124

00:10:41,070 --> 00:10:47,440

the station environments with optically sensitive surfaces such as windows, equipment lenses

125

00:10:47,440 --> 00:10:50,510  
and solar array panels.

126  
00:10:50,510 --> 00:10:56,320  
Andre Kuipers also working on that SOLO experiment,  
did some work with the EXPRESS rack 4 which

127  
00:10:56,320 --> 00:10:58,390  
had a computer failure just the other day.

128  
00:10:58,390 --> 00:11:03,680  
He's rebooting that as well as unpacking some  
of the US items from that visiting Progress

129  
00:11:03,680 --> 00:11:05,510  
spacecraft.

130  
00:11:05,510 --> 00:11:10,380  
And then the final crew member of Expedition  
30 today [Don Pettit] will be working downloading

131  
00:11:10,380 --> 00:11:16,840  
some video and data from the Integrated Cardiovascular  
monitoring system as well as participating

132  
00:11:16,840 --> 00:11:20,270  
in another Lego bricks experiment.